A Guide for Using Webb's Depth Cf Knowledge

by prin Fries, Ed. D.

Collaborative, Inc.



This guide was occurred by Karin K. Less for C2 Collaborative, Inc. It consolidates numerous tools educators use to implement Webb's Depth of Knowledge for curriculum and assessment. The examples herein are drawn from several classroom-tested DOK tools: Hess' Cognitive Rigor Matrices for ELA and Studies, Writing, and Math-Science developed by Karin Hess, at the Center for Assessment, and Webb's Alignment Tool from Wisconsin Center of Educational Research; and the Florida Department of Education's guide for Depth of Knowledge Questions.

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An Educator's Guide for Applying Webb's Depti-of-Knowledge Levels to the College and Career Readiness Ctandards

Overview

At the heart of College and Career Readiness is the need to increase the level of rigor in our composes for all students. The College and Career Readiness are a step in the right direction. However, the standards alone will not bring rigor to operassrooms. The implementation of these standards requires practical tools to develop local curricula and assessments and to promote classroom discourse aligned to higher levels of cognitive demand.

Norman Webb's Depth-of-Knowledge (DOK) schema has become one of the key tool, and cators can employ to analyze the cognitive demand (complexity) intended by the standards, curricular activities, and a systemat tasks. Webb (1997) developed a process and criteria for systematically analyzing the alignment between standards and test iteration standa, and assessments. Since then the process and criteria have demonstrated application to reviewing curricular alignment as well. The under categories assessment tasks by different levels of cognitive expectation, or depth of knowledge, required to successfully complete the task. Hest 1004-2012 rurther articulated the model with content-specific descriptions for use by classroom teachers and organizations conducting alignment studies. The table below outlines the Webb DOK levels:

DOK Level	Description of Level
1	Recall & Reproduction
2	Skills & Concepts
	Strategic Thinking & Reasoning
4	Extended Thinking

Level 1: Recall & Reproduction

Curricular elements that fall into this category involve basic tasks that require students to recall or reprocess knowledge and/or skills. The subject matter content at this level usually involves working with facts, terms, details, calculations, principles, and/or operties. It may also involve use of simple procedures or formulas. There is little or no transformation of the target knowledge or skill required by tasks that fall into this category. A student answering a Level 1 item either knows the answer or does not; that is, the answer or so not need to be figured out or solved.

Verbs

Locate, calculate, define, identify, list, label, match, measure, copy, memorize, repeat, report, recall, recite, recognize, state, tell, tabulate, use rules, answer who, what, when, where, why, how

Teacher 1

Questions to discussion focus contion, shows, tells demonstrates, proexamples, compines, eads, break down, defines

Student Role

Recognizes, responds, remembers, memorizes, restates, absorbs, describes, demonstrates, follows directions, applies routine processes, definitions, and procedures

Possible Products

- Fill-in-the-blank tasks
- Recite-math facts, poems, etc.
- Plot/locate points on a graph
- Edit sentences
- Identify/write sentence types
- Highlight key word.
- Bookmark websites
- Use key word search
- Use dictionary, thesaurus
- Follow steps/directions (e.g., recipe, long division, make model)

- Explain, demonstrate
- Show & Tell
- Locate or recall quotes Document /cite sources
- Brainstorm related ideas
- Represent math relationships in words, pictures, or symbols
- Write complete sentences
- Identify parts of speech
- Label or locate parts in diagram
- List related parts or kinds (e.g., triangles)

- Vocabulary definitions-look up, recall, use in sentences
- Calculate, compute
- Measure, record data
- Reproduce map or diagram
- Use map key to locate information
- Oral reading fluency
- Decoding words
- Use formulas
- Evaluate expressions

Level 2: Skill/Concept

Level 2 includes the engagement of mental processing beyond recalling, reproducing, or locating an accer. This is a generally requires students to compare or differentiate among people, places, events, objects, text types, etc.; apply multiple concepts one responding; classify or sort items into meaningful categories; describe or explain relationships such as cause and effect or character relationship, and provide and explain examples and non-examples. A Level 2 "describe or explain" task requires students to go beyond a conception or definition to predict a possible result or explain "why" something might happen. The learner makes use of information provided in untext to determine intended word meanings, which tools or approach is appropriate to find a solution (e.g., in a math word problem), or which concepts to pay attention to when making observations.

At this level, students are asked to transform/process target knowledge prover responding. Example mental processes that often denote this particular level include: summarize, estimate, organize, classify, enend, and make base preferences.

Verbs

Infer, categorize, organize and display, compare-contrast, modify, predict, interpret, distinguish, estimate, extend patterns, interpret, use context clucu, make observations, summarize, translate from table to graph, classify, show cause, effect, relate, edit for clarity

che: Role

conceptor l understanding, models, organizes/reorganizes, explores possible opticus or connections, provides examples and non-examples

Student Role

Solves routine problems/tasks involving multiple decision points and concepts, constructs models to show relationships, demonstrates use of conceptual knowledge, compiles and organizes, illustrates/explains with examples or models, examines

Possible Products

- Captioned Photos Summary
- Time-line
- Demonstration

- Presentation Interview
- Diary entry
- Graphic organizer
- Reverse-Engineering

Potential Activities

- Sequence a key chain of events and supporting details using a timeline, cartoon strip, outline or flow chart
- Write a summary /informational report or develop an outline of central ideas and supporting details
- Develop a concept map or diagram showing a process or describing relationships about a topic of study
- Explain a series of steps used to find a solution
- Construct a model to demonstrate how it looks or works
- Make a diorama to illustrate/explain an event
- Write a diary/blog entry for a character or historical figure
- Make a captioned scrapbook or photo essay zero the area of stud
- Make a topographic map using data provided/data con
- Make a puzzle or game about the topic
- Explain the meaning of a concept us a words, objects, and/or

Potential Questions

How or why would you us a...? What examples/non-examples and to and to any the would you organize_ to show...? How could you show your understanding of...? What approach/tools would you use to...? How would you apply what you learned to develop...? What other way could you solve/find out...?

- Cracking Codes Outling
- Relationship Mind Max
- Blog Commenting
- Survey development



Demonstrate how perform a particular task

- omplete complex recognition tasks that involve recognizing epts and processes that may vary in how they "appear"
- Com, excludation tasks involving decision point s (e.g., standard deviation)
- Identify appropriate strategies or sources for conducting research projects that involve locating, collecting, organizing and displaying, and summarizing information
- Create a questionnaire or survey to answer a question
- Conduct measurement or observational tasks that involve organizing the data collected into basic presentation forms such as a table, graph, Venn diagram, etc.
- Participate in a simulation in order to understand and describe differing perspectives

What is your prediction...and why?How would you organize these facts/observations?If you changed these elements ... what would/might happen?What facts are relevant to show...?What questions would you ask in an interview /survey about ...?What question is being asked in this problem?

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Spreadsheet

ELA, History & Social Studies Alignment to Bloom's Taxonomy (source: Hess ELA-SS CRM)

Revised Bloom's Taxonomy	Webb's DOK Leve ? ? 🕬 & Concepts			
REMEMBER Retrieve knowledge from long-term memory, recognize, recall, locate, identify	Not Applica.			
UNDERSTAND Construct meaning, clarify, paraphrase, represent, translate, illustrate, give examples, classify, categorize, summarize, generalize, infer a logical conclusion, predict, compare/contrast, match like ideas, explain, construct models	 Specify, explain, show relation wins, explain why, cause-effect Give non-examples/examples Summarize results, concepts, ideas soone text or one data set Make basic integrates or logical predictions from data or texts Identify a print idea, practurate generalizations of texts or issues Locate information to explore explicit-implicit central ideas 			
APPLY Carry out or use a procedure in a given situation, carry out (apply) to a familiar task, or use (apply) to an unfamiliar task	 Use intext to identify the meaning of words/phrases Obtain of interpret information using text features Develop a set that may be limited to one paragraph oply simple or ganizational structures (paragraph, sentence types) in writing 			
ANALYZE Break into constituent parts, determine how parts relate, differentiate between relevant-irrelevant, distinguish, focus, select, organize, owtline, find coherence, deconstruct (e.g. for bias o	 Cat. rize/compare library elements, terms, facts/details, events Identi / use of literary devices Inalyze format, organization & internal text structure (e.g., signal words, transitions, semantic cues) of different texts Distinguish relevant-irrelevant information, fact/opinion Identify characteristic text features; distinguish between texts, genres 			
EVALUATE Make judgments based on criteria, check, detect inconsistencies, or fallac es, judge-critique	Not Applicable			
CREATE Reorganize elements into new patterns structures, generate, hypothesize, design, plan, produce	 Generate conjectures or hypotheses based on observations or prior knowledge and experience 			

Math & Science Alignment to Bloom's Taxonomy (source: Hess Math-Science CRM)

Revised Bloom's Taxonomy	Webb's DOK Lev (2 . kills & Concepts
REMEMBER Retrieve knowledge from long-term memory, recognize, recall, locate, identify	Not Applutible
UNDERSTAND Construct meaning, clarify, paraphrase, represent, translate, illustrate, give examples, classify, categorize, summarize, generalize, infer a logical conclusion (such as from examples given), predict, compare/contrast, match like ideas, explain, construct models	 Specify and explain relation close (e.g., non-scamples/examples, cause-effect) Make and record observations Explain steps followed Summarize a close or concepts Make basic inferences or logical predictions from data/observations Use manage (e.g., observations) Make and explain estimate
APPLY Carry out or use a procedure in a given situation, carry out (apply to a familiar task), or use (apply) to an unfamiliar task	 Sele procedure according to criteria and perform it Solve runine problem applying multiple concepts or decision points Retrieve in compation from a table, graph, or figure and use it to solve a problem nuiring multiple steps Thus late between tables, graphs, words, and symbolic notations (e.g., graph data from a tab. Construct models given criteria
ANALYZE Break into constituent parts, determine constructs relate, differentiate between relevant-irreleva. distinguish, focus, select, organize, outline find coherence, deconstruct	 Categorize, classify materials, data, figures based on characteristics Organize or order data Compare/contrast figures or data Select appropriate graph and organize & display data Interpret data from a simple graph Extend a pattern
EVALUATE Make judgments based on criteria, cherk, detect inconsistencies or fallacies, judge, critique	Not Applicable
CREATE Reorganize elements into new patterns/structures, generate, hypothesize, design, plan, construct, produce	 Generate conjectures or hypotheses based on observations or prior knowledge and experience

Level 3: Strategic Thinking & Reasoning

Tasks and classroom discourse falling into this category demand the use of planning, reasoning, and haver one work on king processes, such as analysis and evaluation, to solve real-world problems or explore questions with multiple possible outcomes. Stating one's reasoning and providing relevant supporting evidence are key markers of DOK 3 tasks. The expectation established for task on this level require an in-depth integration of conceptual knowledge and multiple skills to reach a solution or product on all product. DOK 3 tasks and classroom discourse focus on in-depth understanding of one text, one data set, one investigation, or one key source, to reas DOK 4 tasks expand the breadth of the task using multiple texts or sources, or multiple concepts/disciplines to reach a solution or create a wall product.

Verbs

Critique, appraise, revise for meaning, assess, investigate, cite evidence, test hypothesis, develop a logical argument, use concepts to solve non-routine problems, explain phenomena in terms of concepts, draw conclusions based on data

Teacher Row

Questions to obe reasoning an underlying this of, asks open-ended querons, acts as a source and coach, provide riteria and on ples for making juments and supporting claims, ancources multiple approaches disolutions; elemines when/where (tex., elept) depth and exploration is host appropriate

Student Role

Uncovers and selects relevant and credible supporting evidence for analyses, critiques, debates, claims and judgments; plans, initiates questions, disputes, argues, tests ideas/solutions, sustains inquiry into topics or deeper problems, applies to the real world

Possible Product

- Complex Grap
- Set up a databas
- Conduct or critique a designed investigation
- Video cast or podcast
- Analyze survey results

- Debate from a given perspective
- Develop storyboard for film or cartoon animation
- Multi-paragraph essay or short story
- Literary critique
- Play, book, music, or movie review
- Informational report with several subtopics
- Fact-based argument (Is this criticism supported by the historical facts?)
- Create a Wiki or website

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